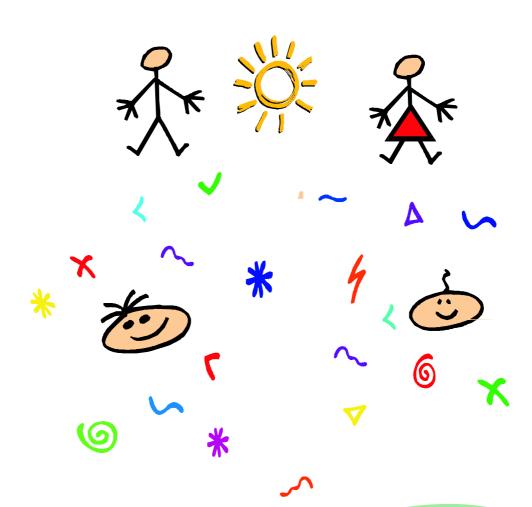


Early Years Foundation Stage PROGRESS RECORD 2012

# SAMPLE PAGES



# Early Years Foundation Stage Progress Record 2012

Phases 1 and 2

Birth to 11 Months and 8 Months to 20 Months

First published in 2012 by Sound Learning Design Limited, 1.23 Cannock Chase Enterprise Centre, Walkers Rise, Cannock, WS12 0QU Tel: 01543 899616 Fax: 01543 899598 e-mail: admin@soundlearning.co.uk www.soundlearning.co.uk

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### **CONTENTS**

3	Copying the pages and using the CD			
4	Introduction			
5-6	Areas of Learning and Development			
7-8	Phases of Development			
9	Observation	on, Assessment, Planning Cycle		
10-12	Using the	System		
13	Child's En	try Record		
14-17	Entry Rec	ord - Photocopy Masters		
18	Progress	Records - Introduction		
	Progress	Records - Photocopy Masters		
		Booklet front cover/inside cover		
	1-2	Personal, Social and Emotional Development		
	3-4	Communication and Language		
	5-6	Physical Development		
	7	Literacy		
	8	Mathematics		
	9-10	Understanding the World		
	11	Expressive Arts and Design		
19	Planning I	Forms - Introduction		
20-21	Group Pla	inning Sheet for Adapting Continuous Provision		
22-23	Developm	ent Professional Notes		
24-25	Learning Journey Notes			
26	Management Forms - Introduction			
27	Attendance Record Sheet			
28	Record of Medicines Administered			
29	Accident Record			
30	Baby Room Daily Report Form			
31	Toddler Room Daily Report Form			
32	Baby Roo	m Progress Report		
33		oom Progress Report		
34	Sleep Room Record			
35	Babies' Feed Record			
36	Welcome Letter			
37	Offer of Place Letter			

CHILD'S ENTRY RECORD Page 1 of 4						
Child's Name:						Photo
Date of Birth:	Sex:	Religion:		Ethnic Origin:		
Child's first langua	ıge:	Disability (Y/N)	Access req	uirements:		
Address:						
Telephone numbe	er:					
Medical In	formatio	 on				
Important medica	I conditions (	e.g. allergies):				
Injections receive	Injections received:  History of illnesses:					
CHILD'S DOCTO Name: Address:	R					
Tel no:						
CHILD'S HEALTH Name: Address:	I VISITOR					
Tel no:						
Toilet requiremen	ts:					
Special dietary re	quirements:					

#### CHILD'S ENTRY RECORD

General information about your child. Please answer these questions in as much detail as possible. This will help us get to know your child and help him or her to settle in quickly.  Child's Name:  Date:
Are any milk feeds to be given to your child during the day? At what times?
What type of milk does your child drink?
What juice does your child drink? At what times?
What are your child's favourite foods?
Does your child have any daytime sleeps? At what times?
How does your child go to sleep? Does your child have a comforter?
What are your child's favourite occupations?
What are your child's favourite songs and games?
Is there anything special that you feel we should know about your child?

#### Phases 1 and 2: Birth to 20 months

Making rela	tionships
Birth to 11 months	How things develop: Enjoys the company of others and seeks contact with others from birth. Gazes at faces and copies facial movements. e.g. sticking out tongue, opening mouth and widening eyes. Responds when talked to, for example, moves arms and legs, changes facial expression, moves body and makes mouth movements. Recognises and is most responsive to main carer's voice: face brightens, activity increases when familiar carer appears. Responds to what carer is paying attention to, e.g. following their gaze. Likes cuddles and being held: calms, snuggles in, smiles, gazes at carer's face or strokes carer's skin.
Date	Comments
8 to 20	How things develop: Seeks to gain attention in a variety of ways, drawing others into social interaction. Builds
months	relationships with special people. Is wary of unfamiliar people. Interacts with others and explores new situations when supported by familiar person. Shows interest in the activities of others and responds differently to children and adults, e.g. may be more interested in watching children than adults or may pay more attention when children talk to them.

#### Phases 1 and 2: Birth to 20 months

Communication and Language					
Listening and Attention					
Birth to 11 months	<b>How things develop:</b> Turns toward a familiar sound then locates range of sounds with accuracy. Listens to, distinguishes and responds to intonations and sounds of voices. Reacts in interaction with others by smiling, looking and moving. Quietens or alerts to the sound of speech. Looks intently at a person talking, but stops responding if speaker turns away. Listens to familiar sounds, words, or finger plays. Fleeting Attention – not under child's control, new stimuli takes whole attention.				
Date	Comments				
8 to 20 months	<b>How things develop:</b> Moves whole body to enjoyable sounds, such as music or a regular beat. Has a strong exploratory impulse. Concentrates intently on an object or activity of own choosing for short periods. Pays attention to dominant stimulus – easily distracted by noises or other people talking.				
Date	Comments				

Communication and Language				
Understanding				
Birth to	<b>How things develop:</b> Stops and looks when hears own name. Starts to understand contextual clues, e.g. familiar gestures, words and sounds.			
11 months				
Date	Comments			
8 to 20 months	How things develop: Developing the ability to follow others' body language, including pointing and gesture.  Responds to the different things said when in a familiar context with a special person (e.g. 'Where's Mummy?', 'Where's your nose?'). Understanding of single words in context is developing, e.g. 'cup' 'milk', 'daddy'.			
Date	Comments			

# EYFS - Phases 1 and 2 - Birth to 20 Months Group Planning Sheet for Adapting Continuous Provision

Week ending: <u>15/06/12</u>				
Childs name	Key Points from Observations			
Kirsty	Playing with blocks and bricks. Putting them together in groups and making piles two or three bricks high.			
Jack	Exploring the role-play area. Opening and closing cupboards. Putting objects in and taking objects out.			
Aysha	Using the train set, making train sounds whilst pushing the train along.			

#### Changes to the Physical Environment (Continuous Provision)

Resources	Adults' role/Effective Practice				
New blocks and bricks as well as stacking toys.	Introduce the new resources to Kirsty and support and encourage her exploration of them.				
Objects to encourage Jack's interest in filling and emptying. Bags, clothes and boxes	Observe Jack's play with the new objects.				
Train set	Encourage Aysha to use the train set in parallel play with other children to the support the development of positive relationships with other children.				
Focussed Activities and Experiences					
Activities and Experiences	Adults' role/Effective Practice				
Building simple towers with blocks	Encourage Kirsty and the other children in this activity. Note the children's ability to stack items on top of one another.				
Investigating filling and emptying	Support Jack's explorations, do some filling and emptying alongside him.				
Vocalising train sounds	Encourage Aysha's vocalising and introduce other 'train set' sounds.				

EYFS Links					
Personal, social & emotional develop	ment	Communication and language		Physical development	
		Speaking: Uses so	unds in play.	from on	and handling: Passes toys e hand to the other. Picks I objects between thumb gers
Literacy	Mathematics Shape, space and measure: Recognises big things and small things in meaningful contexts.		Understanding the wor The world: Becomes absorbed in combini objects.		Expressive Arts and Design

Completed by: Rebecca/Sue Date: 15/06/12

# Early Years Foundation Stage Progress Record 2012

Phases 3 and 4

16 Months to 26 Months and 22 Months to 36 Months

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## **CONTENTS**

3	Copying the pages and using the CD					
4	Introduction					
5-6	Areas of Learning and Development					
7-8	Phases of Development					
9	Observat	ion, Assessment, Planning Cycle				
10-12	Using the	e System				
13	Child's E	ntry Record				
14-17	Entry Re	cord - Photocopy Masters				
18	Progress	Records - Introduction				
	Progress	Records - Photocopy Masters				
		Booklet front cover/inside cover				
	1-2	Personal, Social and Emotional Development				
	3-5	Communication and Language				
	6-7	Physical Development				
	8-9	Literacy				
	10-11	Mathematics				
	12-13	Understanding the World				
	14	Expressive Arts and Design				
19	Observat	ion and Planning Forms - Introduction				
20-21	Observation Sheet					
22-23	Planning	Sheet - Supporting Children's Interests				
24	Management Forms - Introduction					
25-26	Weekly N	lenu Planner				
27-28	Weekly A	activity Planner				
29-30	Staff Rota	a				
31	Offer of Place Letter					
32	Change of setting letter					

#### Phases 3 and 4: 16 months to 36 months

Physical Development					
-	Moving and Handling				
16 to 26	How things develop: Walks upstairs holding hand of adult. Comes downstairs backwards on knees (crawling).				
	Beginning to balance blocks to build a small tower. Makes connections between their movement and the marks				
months	they make.				
Date	Comments				
22 to 36	How things develop: Runs safely on whole foot. Squats with steadiness to rest or play with object on the ground,				
months	and rises to feet without using hands. Climbs confidently and is beginning to pull themselves up on nursery play climbing equipment. Can kick a large ball. Turns pages in a book, sometimes several at once. Shows control in				
1110111113	holding and using jugs to pour, hammers, books and mark-making tools. Beginning to use three fingers (tripod grip)				
	to hold writing tools. Imitates drawing simple shapes such as circles and lines. Walks upstairs or downstairs holding onto a rail two feet to a step. May be beginning to show preference for dominant hand.				
Date	Comments				

#### Phases 3 and 4: 16 months to 36 months

r	
Literacy	
Reading	How things develop Interested in books and rhymos and way have foregrites
16 to 26	How things develop: Interested in books and rhymes and may have favourites.
months	
Date	Comments
22 +- 26	<b>How things develop:</b> Has some favourite stories, rhymes, songs, poems or jingles. Repeats words or phrases
22 to 36	from familiar stories. Fills in the missing word or phrase in a known rhyme, story or game, e.g. 'Humpty Dumpty sat on a'.
months	
Date	Comments

OBSERVATION SHEET	
OBSERVER: Rebecca	DATE: 15/06/12 TIME: 10:30 am
CHILD'S NAME: Olívía	CHILD'S AGE: 28 months
AREA OF OBSERVATION: Role-play area	

#### **DETAILS OF OBSERVATION**

Olivia was playing in the role-play area. She gathered up a number of toys and laid them out on a table. Then she got the till and and put it at the side of the table.

She shouted out 'The shop's open' and several children came over to look. Nassar picked up a toy train and asked how much it was. 'That's three pounds' said Olivia. Nassar said he would buy it and offered Olivia two coins. 'That's not enough - you need three' said Olivia. Nassar went away and came back with a third coin. 'One, two, three - that's right' said Olivia pointing to each coin in turn as she counted. She then gave Nassar the train.

After she had sold toys to several children, Olivia went to the mark-making area and used the scissors to cut some paper into small pieces. She then began to write marks on the paper. I asked her what she was doing and she said 'Writing the prices.' When she had finished writing, she took the pieces of paper and put them on the shop table, one next to each toy.

EYFS Links					
Personal, Social & Emotional		Communication & Language		Physical Dev.	
Playing co-operative other children	ely with	Language for c	communication	Develo	ping fine-motor skills.
Literacy Writing Hand-writing		atics vs as labels r counting	Understanding the	World	Expressive Arts & Design  Developing imagina- tion and imaginative play

#### NEW INFORMATION LEARNED ABOUT THE CHILD'S ABILTIES, NEEDS & INTERESTS

Olívia understands that numbers can be written down, and that the written number represents a specific quantity.

.3 Olivia is interested in mark-making and has some understanding of number-labels up to

Role-play, particularly in the context of a shop, is an effective way of encouraging Olivia's interest in numbers.

#### **OPTIONS FOR DEVELOPMENT**

Provide additional shop resources to support Olivia's interest in numbers.

Provide and model the use of writing frames within the context of a role-play shop (e.g. price labels, order pads) to encourage Olívía's mark-making.

#### **PLANNING SHEET** SUPPORTING CHILDREN'S INTERESTS THROUGH ENHANCED PROVISION

WEEK ENDING:		MPLETED BY: <u>Rebecca/And</u>	rea
CHILD'S NAME	INTERESTS (from observations)	OPPORTUNITIES FOR SUPPORT	EYFS LINKS
Jack	Emergent writing. Letters to practioners and family.	Provide further letter writing opportunities. Visit to Post Office.	Líteracy
Mohammed	Small world vehicles. Sending down tracks.	Provide pipes, tracks, guttering to go with vehicles.	Understand- ing the world Phys Dev
Olívía	Role-play, particularly shops	Provide extra role-play props and shop writing frames.	Comm & Lang Literacy
Luke	Painting, mixing colours with adult support.	Encourage independent mixing of colours.	Expressive Arts & Design
Hannah	Construction with boxes and blocks.	Províde large blocks for outdoor construction.	Understand- ing the world Phys Dev
Alísha	Book area. Listening to practitioners reading and looking at books independently.	Encourage choosing and reading books independently.	Comm & Lang Líteracy

# Early Years Foundation Stage Progress Record 2012

Phases 5 and 6

30 Months to 50 Months and 40 Months to 60+ Months

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### **CONTENTS**

3	Copying	the pages and using the CD	
4	Introduction		
5-6	Areas of Learning and Development		
7-8	Phases of Development		
9	Observat	ion, Assessment, Planning Cycle	
10-13	Using the	e System	
14	Child's E	ntry Record	
15-18	Entry Red	cord - Photocopy Masters	
19	Progress Records - Introduction		
	Progress	Records - Photocopy Masters	
		Booklet front cover/inside cover	
	1-3	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	
	4-7	Communication and Language	
	8-10	Physical Development	
	11-13	Literacy	
	14-16	Mathematics	
	17-19	Understanding the World	
	20-21	Expressive Arts and Design	
21	Observat	ion and Planning Forms - Introduction	
22-23	Topic Planning Sheet		
24-25	Activity Planning Sheet		
26-27	Weekly Planning Sheet		
28-29	Activity R	Record Sheet	
30-31	Activity Participation Record		
32-33	Observation Form - Individual Child		
34-35	Observation Form - Group		
36-37	Observation Form - Tracking Movements		
38-39	Observation Form - Equipment Use		
40	Report and Management Sheets - Introduction		
41	Progress	Report to Parents	
42	Activities	at Home	
43	Change of setting letter		

#### Phases 5 and 6: 30 months to 60+ months

Numbers  30 to 50 months  How things develop: Uses some number names and number language spontaneously. Uses some number names accurately in play. Recites numbers in order to 10. Knows that numbers identify how many objects are in a set. Beginning to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures. Sometimes matches numeral and quantity correctly. Shows curiosity about numbers by offering comments or asking questions. Compares two groups of objects, saying when they have the same number. Shows an interest in number problems. Separates a group of three or four objects in different ways, beginning to recognise that the total is still the same. Shows an interest in numerals in the environment. Shows an interest in representing numbers. Realises not only objects, but anything can be counted, including steps, claps or jumps.	Mathematics	
How things develop: Uses some number names and number language spontaneously. Uses some number names accurately in play. Recites numbers in order to 10. Knows that numbers identify how many objects are in a set. Beginning to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures. Sometimes matches numeral and quantity correctly. Shows curiosity about numbers by offering comments or asking questions. Compares two groups of objects, saying when they have the same number. Shows an interest in number problems. Separates a group of three or four objects in different ways, beginning to recognise that the total is still the same. Shows an interest in numerals in the environment. Shows an interest in representing numbers. Realises not only objects, but anything can be counted, including steps, claps or jumps.		
Date Comments	30 to 50 months	names accurately in play. Recites numbers in order to 10. Knows that numbers identify how many objects are in a set. Beginning to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures. Sometimes matches numeral and quantity correctly. Shows curiosity about numbers by offering comments or asking questions. Compares two groups of objects, saying when they have the same number. Shows an interest in number problems. Separates a group of three or four objects in different ways, beginning to recognise that the total is still the same. Shows an interest in numerals in the environment. Shows an interest in representing numbers. Realises not only objects, but
	Date	

#### Phases 5 and 6: 30 months to 60+ months

People and	communities
30 to 50 months	<b>How things develop:</b> Shows interest in the lives of people who are familiar to them. Remembers and talks about significant events in their own experience. Recognises and describes special times or events for family or friends. Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life. Knows some of the things that make them unique and can talk about some of the similarities and differences in relation to friends or family.
Date	Comments
40 to 60+	How things develop: Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines.  Early learning goal: Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family
months	members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.
Date	Comments

#### Phases 5 and 6: 30 months to 60+ months

EXPIOLINE AL	nd using media and materials
30 to 50 months	How things develop: Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games. Sings a few familiar songs. Beginning to move rhythmically. Imitates movement in response to music. Taps out simple repeated rhythms. Explores and learns how sounds can be changed. Explores colour and how colours can be changed. Understands that they can use lines to enclose a space, and then begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things. Uses various construction materials. Beginning to construct, stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and creating spaces. Joins construction pieces together to build and balance. Realises tools can be used for a purpose.
Date	Comments
	Here this was developed Device to be it to see a deign of course and developed the different course of
40 to 60+ months	How things develop: Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances. Explores the different sounds of instruments. Explores what happens when they mix colours. Experiments to create different textures. Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects. Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. Uses simple tools and techniques competently an appropriately. Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary. Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using.  Early learning goal: Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them. They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.